Appendix 1

REAL PO, MEAN, PROP, PROP1, A, B, C, D 2RMS,NEMP0,MLP0,SSDLP0,IMP0,SMP0,IMV,SMV INTEGER NUMS(10) READ(5,*)RMS,NEMP0,MLP0,SSDLP0,IMP0,IMV,SMV P0=0.05DO 100 ITIME=1.19 MEAN=EXP(IMP0+SMP0*(LOG(-1.0*(LOG(P0)))))A=RMS*((1.0/NEMP0)+((((LOG(-1.0*(LOG(P0)))))2-MLP0)**2)/SSDLP0)) B=((SMP0**2)*(1.0-P0))/(P0*((LOG(P0))**2))C=IMV*(MEAN**(SMV-2.0))PROP=0.1 DO 50 I=1.10 PROP1=((LOG(PROP*MEAN+MEAN))/LOG(MEAN))-1.0 D=(PROP1*(LOG(MEAN)))**2IF(D.GT.A)GOTO 10 NUMS(I)=999999 GOTO 20 10 NUMS(I)=IFIX((B+C)/(D-A))20 PROP=PROP+0.1 50 CONTINUE WRITE(6,90)P0,MEAN,NUMS 90 FORMAT(' ',F5.2,F8.3,I10,I8,8I5) P0=P0+0.5100 CONTINUE STOP **END**

MECHANICAL PENCILS FOR MICRODISSECTION

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Abstract

Replacing the lead of a 'fine line' mechanical pencil with an entomological pin produces a convenient, adjustable probe for microdissection work.

The range of fine lead (0.5 mm) mechanical pencils currently on the market offer an excellent alternative to homemade handles for microdissection probes. Replacing the lead with an entomological pin of appropriate size results in a comfortable, well-balanced tool with a probe length which is readily adjustable to suit the user or application (Fig. 1).

The cheapest all-plastic leadholders may require up to a No. 5 pin for the chuck to grip adequately, but a moderately-priced pencil with a metal ferrule can grip a No. 2 or even No. 1 pin firmly. Because the pin is retractible (unless bent) probes may be handled easily and safely when not in use. It is not usually necessary to clip the head from the pin unless an extra long reach is desired.

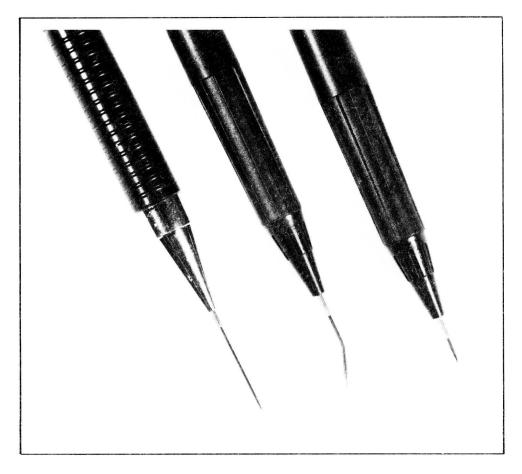


Fig. 1. Heads of three mechanical pencils with lead replaced by Nos. 1 (left) and 4 (middle and right) entomological pins. Left hand probe adjusted for long working length.

These probes have been used effectively at Simon Fraser University both by professional entomologists and undergraduate entomology students in laboratories requiring microdissection.

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